



Down:

1. Physical evidence left behind at a crime scene or exchanged between an offender and a victim.
2. A suspect who has been charged with a crime.
3. Any place in which a crime occurred or in which evidence relating to a possible crime has been located.
4. A legal order authorizing a police officer or other official to enter and search the premises.
6. The questioning of a witness by the opposing lawyer.
10. A written and witnessed statement of evidence that the maker swears and signs as proof of its truth.

Across:

5. A substance that burns rapidly and will start and encourage a fire.
7. Deoxyribonucleic acid.
8. The officer often in charge of a criminal investigation.
9. police supervisors responsible for the supervision of police constables who ensure the quality of the response to calls for service.
11. Police responses to requests from the public, including immediate responses to calls and follow-up investigations.
15. A national law enforcement computer database maintained by the RCMP containing data on aspects of police investigations. (Abbr.)

Down:

12. Duty requiring the Crown to provide the accused with access to all information in its possession that relates to the investigation.
13. R v \_\_\_\_\_ (1991) is a Supreme Court of Canada case in which the Court decided unanimously that the Crown has a duty to disclose all relevant evidence to the defence whether it hurts or helps the Crown case and regardless of whether the Crown intends to call that evidence at trial.
14. Also called mens rea.
17. The fraudulent practice of sending emails purporting to be from reputable companies to induce individuals to reveal personal information (passwords, credit card numbers, etc.).
18. A reasonable expectation of \_\_\_\_\_ test demonstrates that in a specific circumstance a person has the right to be free from state intrusion in the form of a search.
19. Lying while under oath or affirmation.

Across:

16. An unintentional tendency to seek information or interpret evidence that confirms our hypotheses and avoid information that would disprove them.
20. Witnesses with specialized knowledge in particular subjects.